IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA TALLAHASSEE DIVISION

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v. SEALED INDICTMENT

PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD

4:22 cr43-MW

THE GRAND JURY CHARGES:

COUNT ONE

Racketeering 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c)

A. INTRODUCTION

At all times material to this Indictment:

Financial Institutions

- 1. Bank of America, N.A. (hereinafter "BOA") was a financial institution that was headquartered in the state of North Carolina.
- 2. Regions Bank (hereinafter "Regions") was a financial institution that was headquartered in the state of Alabama.
- 3. Navy Federal Credit Union was a financial institution that was headquartered in the state of Virginia.
- 4. MB Financial Bank, N.A. (hereinafter "MB Financial Bank") was a financial institution that was headquartered in the state of Illinois.



Exhibit "A"

- 5. Bank of New York Mellon was a financial institution that was headquartered in the state of New York.
- 6. U.S. Bank, N.A. (hereinafter "U.S. Bank") was a financial institution that was headquartered in the state of Ohio.
- 7. JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association (hereinafter "Chase Bank") was a financial institution that was headquartered in the state of New York.

Business Entities

- 8. Howard & Associates, Attorneys at Law, P.A. (a/k/a "Howard & Associates, P.A.") (hereinafter "Howard & Associates") was a Florida for-profit corporation and law firm established on or about February 22, 1995, and was headquartered in Tallahassee, Florida. Howard & Associates had bank accounts at Regions. Practice areas of Howard & Associates included class action and personal injury litigation. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** was the founder and President of Howard & Associates, and its Senior Partner.
- 9. Cambridge Capital Group, LLC (hereinafter "Cambridge Capital Group") was a Florida Limited Liability Company that was established on or about January 1, 2016. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** was the founder and President of Cambridge Capital Group.
- 10. Cambridge Capital Wealth Advisors, LLC (hereinafter "Cambridge Capital Wealth Advisors") was a Florida Limited Liability Company that was

established on or about January 1, 2017. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** was the founder of Cambridge Capital Wealth Advisors.

- Advisors") was a Florida Limited Liability Company that was established on or about March 2, 2015. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** was the founder and President of Cambridge Capital Advisors. In or about May 2017, Cambridge Capital Advisors dissolved, and on or about June 28, 2017, Cambridge Capital Group Advisors, LLC (hereinafter "Cambridge Capital Group Advisors") was established as a Nevada Limited Liability Company. **HOWARD** assisted with operation of Cambridge Capital Group Advisors.
- 12. Cambridge Capital Funding, Inc. (hereinafter "Cambridge Capital Funding") was a Florida for-profit corporation that was established on or about December 16, 2016. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** was the founder and President of Cambridge Capital Funding.
- 13. Cambridge Capital Group Equity Option Opportunities, L.P.

 (hereinafter "Cambridge Capital Group Equity Option Opportunities") was a

 Massachusetts limited partnership that was established on or about December 16,

 2015. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** was the General Partner of

 Cambridge Capital Group Equity Option Opportunities.
 - 14. Cambridge Capital Partners, L.P. was a Massachusetts limited

partnership that was established on or about December 27, 2015. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** was the Executive Officer Director, and President of Cambridge Capital Partners.

- 15. Cambridge Capital Group, Cambridge Capital Wealth Advisors, Cambridge Capital Advisors, Cambridge Capital Group Advisors, Cambridge Capital Funding, Cambridge Capital Group Equity Option Opportunities, Cambridge Capital Partners are hereinafter collectively referred to as "The Cambridge Entities." The Cambridge Entities had bank accounts at BOA. The Cambridge Entities were an investment company, as they solicited investors to whom it offered and sold securities, in the form of interests in private funds. D.W.R. was initially the investment manager of The Cambridge Entities' funds.
- 16. Howard & Associates and The Cambridge Entities shared office space and staff, and were interdependent on each other. The investors of The Cambridge Entities were clients of Howard & Associates, and many of the clients who retained Howard & Associates did so based on promises of settlement advance loans which were funded from investments of The Cambridge Entities. Further, some clients of Howard & Associates were solicited to become investors with The Cambridge Entities as part of their consultations and meetings with Howard & Associates. The Cambridge Entities' investors relied on the success of litigation commenced by Howard & Associates to realize returns on their investments.

- 17. Preferred Capital Funding (hereinafter "Preferred Capital"), headquartered in Chicago, Illinois, was a national provider of settlement advance loans for plaintiffs involved in injury or workers' compensation lawsuits.
- 18. Virage Capital Management, LP (hereinafter "Virage Capital"), headquartered in Houston, Texas, was a national provider of litigation funding for attorneys and law firms.

B. THE ENTERPRISE

Participants in the Enterprise

- 19. Howard & Associates, The Cambridge Entities, the Defendant PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD, and others known and unknown, together, constituted an enterprise as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 1961(4), that is, a group of individuals and entities associated in fact, hereinafter referred to collectively as the "Enterprise." The Enterprise was engaged in, and its activities affected, interstate and foreign commerce. The Enterprise constituted an ongoing organization whose members functioned as a continuing unit for a common purpose of achieving the objectives of the Enterprise.
- 20. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** participated in the control and operation of the Enterprise. **HOWARD** participated in the control of the finances of the Enterprise, and also directed other members and associates of the Enterprise in carrying out the unlawful activities and other activities in

furtherance of the Enterprise's affairs.

- 21. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** was a licensed Florida attorney since on or about May 29, 1987, whose work included representing former National Football League ("NFL") players who suffered concussion-related brain injuries during their NFL careers in connection with a class action lawsuit against the NFL (hereinafter "the NFL Concussion Lawsuit").
- 22. The Cambridge Entities employed several employees and independent contractors, including individuals referred to herein as "D.W.R.," "G.M.," "A.W.," "N.E.," and "J.K."

Purposes of the Enterprise

- 23. The purposes of the Enterprise included the following:
- a. providing legal representation to plaintiffs in class action and personal injury litigation,
 - b. managing investment securities and funds,
- c. soliciting investors to whom interests in securities and investment funds were sold,
- d. engaging in wire fraud to obtain investment proceeds from The Cambridge Entities' investors, and to lull investors into a sense of security and prevent action which might have interfered with the criminal activities of the Enterprise,

- e. engaging in wire fraud to obtain settlement advance and litigation expense loan proceeds from third-party lenders,
 - f. engaging in transactions to spend the proceeds of wire fraud,
 - g. concealing and perpetuating the wire fraud, and
- h. increasing the revenue of the Enterprise, and, in turn, enriching the Defendant and associates of the Enterprise.

C. THE RACKETEERING CHARGE

24. Between on or about December 1, 2015, and on or about January 18,2018, in the Northern District of Florida and elsewhere, the defendant,

PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD,

along with others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, being persons associated with and employed by the Enterprise, which Enterprise was engaged in, and the activities of which affected, interstate and foreign commerce, did knowingly, willfully, and unlawfully conduct and participate, directly and indirectly, in the conduct of the affairs of the Enterprise, through a pattern of racketeering activity, as set forth below.

Racketeering Acts 1-6: Wire Fraud (former NFL player investors)

25. Between on or about December 23, 2015, and on or about January 18,2018, in the Northern District of Florida and elsewhere, the defendant,

PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD,

did knowingly and willfully devise, and intend to devise, a scheme to defraud and for obtaining money and property by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and for the purpose of executing such scheme, did cause a wire communication to be transmitted in interstate commerce.

The Fraudulent Scheme

It was part of the scheme to defraud that:

- 26. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** represented former NFL players in the class-action NFL Concussion lawsuit who were eligible for settlement payouts from the NFL.
- 27. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD**, along with others, offered advance loans on potential settlement payouts to entice the former NFL players to agree to his legal representation.
- 28. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD**, along with others, fraudulently convinced the former NFL players and others to invest their NFL retirement funds with The Cambridge Entities, and then used the proceeds to provide high-interest, non-recourse loans to the same, or other, former NFL players clients.
- 29. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** failed to disclose and misrepresented to the former NFL player investors the structure of the Enterprise,

and the conflicts of interest and the criminal background of persons associated with or employed by the Enterprise.

- a. Specifically, **HOWARD** failed to disclose that D.W.R. was previously convicted of federal crimes involving fraud and false statements, and was barred from working for an investment firm.
- b. **HOWARD** also failed to disclose to former NFL investors that Florida Bar rules forbade attorneys, including **HOWARD**, from managing assets maintained by clients of the law firm.
- c. **HOWARD** also failed to disclose to former NFL player investors that after the Florida Bar advised **HOWARD** of the rules prohibiting his continued management of client assets, he dissolved The Cambridge Entities, which were registered in Florida, and re-registered them in the state of Nevada using the names of nominees for the corporate officers, without the nominees' knowledge or permission, in an attempt to hide his involvement with and control of The Cambridge Entities.
- 30. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** failed to disclose and misrepresented to the former NFL player investors the true nature of The Cambridge Entities' funds and the actual investments.
 - a. Specifically, **HOWARD** provided former NFL player investors with prospectuses that falsely represented that the primary focus of the

Cambridge Capital Group Equity Option Opportunities L.P. investment fund would be "opportunities derived from the broad market indexes such as the S&P 500, Dow Jones Industrial Average, NASDAQ 100, and the Russell 1000," and "investment and trading in mortgage backed securities ('MBS') and derivatives, asset backed securities ('ABS') and derivatives, as well as US and International distressed private and public debt securities ('USI') and derivatives."

- b. **HOWARD** provided former NFL player investors with prospectuses that falsely represented that the primary focus of the Cambridge Capital Partners L.P. investment fund would be to "generate capital gains and interest income primarily from investment and trading in mortgage backed securities ("MBS") and derivatives, asset back securities ("ABS") and derivatives, US and International private and public debt securities ("USI") and derivatives, and litigation settlement claims ("LS").
- c. **HOWARD** failed to disclose that in reality, The Cambridge
 Entities invested almost exclusively in non-recourse, high-interest loans to
 former NFL players who were awaiting potential NFL concussion classaction settlement payouts. Many of the former NFL player investors of The
 Cambridge Entities received advanced loans themselves, meaning that they
 were being loaned money (at high interest rates) from the same pool of

money in which they were already invested. **HOWARD** failed to advise the former NFL player investors of these facts.

- d. **HOWARD** failed to disclose to former NFL player investors that the NFL Concussion Settlement Agreement originally prohibited the assignment of claims, and later only permitted assignment of claims at 10% capped interest.
- e. HOWARD failed to disclose to former NFL player investors that The Cambridge Entities' investment in "technology" was solely in a company called Omnipad, which was jointly owned by HOWARD and N.E. HOWARD failed to disclose to investors that he had direct access to the Omnipad bank account, which was used in part, as a slush fund for expenditures unrelated to the operation of Omnipad. Further, HOWARD failed to disclose to investors that Omnipad ran out of money and closed in 2018, which included the layoff of its engineers, prior to the full development of a prototype of the technology it was supposed to be developing.
- f. HOWARD failed to disclose to former NFL player investors that The Cambridge Entities' investments in "real estate" were non-revenue generating properties purchased in HOWARD's own name and were for HOWARD's personal use.

- 31. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** failed to disclose **HOWARD's** manipulation of the NFL medical claims process and the resulting consequences. For instance, **HOWARD** violated NFL Concussion Settlement claims protocol and ethical standards by:
 - a. Having **HOWARD's** clients' baseline psychometric evaluations conducted in **HOWARD's** offices by a former legal client, Dr. E.W., whose medical license was previously revoked.
 - b. Allowing a Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) that **HOWARD** hired to conduct Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR) interviews of former NFL player clients to also invest funds with The Cambridge Entities, which permitted the LPN to have a financial stake in **HOWARD's** clients receiving the highest possible impairment rating.
 - c. **HOWARD** edited and drafted medical records for former NFL player clients for the purpose of influencing whether the clients would qualify for a monetary award from the NFL Concussion Settlement.
 - d. **HOWARD** directed physicians to omit material facts from documents that were submitted to the NFL Concussion Settlement.
- 32. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** failed to disclose the status and earnings of former NFL player investors' portfolios. Specifically, investors were not informed that quarterly investment statements produced by The

Cambridge Entities, reflected returns on investment that were calculated on a highly speculative projections, not on actual performance. Despite reassuring investors that their investments were secure, **HOWARD** never informed investors that almost none of The Cambridge Entities investment funds yielded a return.

- 33. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** failed to disclose that they commingled former NFL player investors' investment funds with those used to operate Howard & Associates and to issue payroll for its staff, pay **HOWARD's** mortgages, and otherwise personally enrich **HOWARD**.
- 34. When NFL players inquired about the status of their investments, Defendant PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD falsely assured them that their money was secure and could be returned or caused his employees and associates to falsely assure NFL players of such. For example, when one NFL player grew suspicious about his investment with The Cambridge Entities which caused him to attempt to liquidate his account, HOWARD told him that "his money was secure but that due to an audit, he could not withdraw funds" (or words to that effect) and that HOWARD could not tell him how much was in his account" (or words to that effect).
- 35. By all of the above-described conduct, Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD**, along with others, falsely and fraudulently obtained and attempted to obtain over \$4 million to which they were not entitled.

Execution of the Scheme

36. On or about the following dates, for the purpose of executing and attempting to execute the scheme to defraud, the defendant did knowingly cause wire communications to be transmitted in interstate commerce, as set forth below:

	DATE	WIRE COMMUNICATION
Racketeering Act 1	December 23, 2015	Deposit of check number 0000368332 and resulting transfer of \$336,453.14 from The Bank of New York Mellon account number ending in 0261 to BOA account ending in 6604
Racketeering Act 2	April 8, 2016	Transfer of \$286,000 from MB Financial Bank to BOA account number ending in 6604
Racketeering Act 3a	May 10, 2016	Deposit and Transfer of \$619,111.95 from Bank of New York Mellon account number ending in HH0A8 into MB Financial Bank
Racketeering Act 3b	May 19, 2016	Transfer of \$66,461.95 from MB Financial Bank to BOA account number ending in 8059
Racketeering Act 3c	May 19, 2016	Transfer of \$552,600.00 from MB Financial Bank to BOA account number ending in 6617
Racketeering Act 4a	June 15, 2016	Transfer of \$200,000 from U.S. Bank to MB Financial Bank.
Racketeering Act 4b	June 16, 2016	Transfer of \$170,000 from MB Financial Bank to BOA account ending in 6617
Racketeering Act 4c	June 16, 2016	Transfer of \$29,950 from MB Financial Bank to BOA account ending in 8059
Racketeering Act 5	June 29, 2016	Transfer of \$320,000 from MB Financial Bank into BOA account number ending in 6617
Racketeering Act 6a	January 31, 2017	Transfer of \$497,886 from MB Financial Bank to BOA account number ending in 6617
Racketeering Act 6b	January 31, 2017	Transfer of \$165,000 from MB Financial Bank to BOA account number ending in 8059
Racketeering Act 6c	October 15, 2017	Email from PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD to J.H. regarding J.H.'s investment funds

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1343 and 2.

Racketeering Acts 7-10: Wire Fraud (settlement advances)

37. Between on or about May 1, 2016, and on or about January 18, 2018, in the Northern District of Florida and elsewhere, the defendant,

PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD,

did knowingly and willfully devise, and intend to devise, a scheme to defraud and for obtaining money and property by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and for the purpose of executing such scheme, did cause a wire communication to be transmitted in interstate commerce.

The Fraudulent Scheme

It was part of the scheme to defraud that:

- 38. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD**, along with others, sought a third-party lender, namely, Preferred Capital, that would be willing to lend money to **HOWARD's** former NFL clients in advance of their potential NFL concussion settlements as part of the NFL class-action lawsuit.
- 39. Based heavily on the false and fraudulent information provided by Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD**, Preferred Capital approved and provided loans to over 25 of **HOWARD's** former NFL player clients. Throughout the application process, Preferred Capital was unaware of the numerous material misrepresentations and omissions perpetrated by **HOWARD** and his staff. Those misrepresentations and omissions included:

- a. **HOWARD** failed to disclose that player medical evaluations provided to Preferred Capital as the critical underwriting documents of the loan process, were the result of incorrect procedures, improper influence, and outright manipulation by **HOWARD** and his staff, ultimately making the reports ineligible for submission to the NFL Claims Administrator.
- b. **HOWARD** failed to disclose that the neuropsychologist used to produce significant portions of the player medical evaluations provided to Preferred Capital did not have the proper board certification required by the NFL Claims Administrator.
- c. **HOWARD** failed to disclose that the neurologist who signed off on final medical evaluations and impairment determinations had rescinded all of his reports from Howard & Associates in May 2017 due to ethical and financial concerns he had with Howard & Associates.
- d. All of the medical evaluations provided to Preferred Capital showed impairment levels of 1.5 or 2.0 (indicating the client qualified for an NFL settlement payout). However, **HOWARD** failed to notify Preferred Capital, especially after **HOWARD** received settlement advance proceeds, that those scores were invalid, and that players had to be re-tested due to the flaws and manipulations associated with **HOWARD's** original evaluation process. Furthermore, **HOWARD** failed to disclose that when players were

re-tested, significantly fewer were found to be impaired, including many of those to whom Preferred Capital provided loans.

- e. **HOWARD** and his subordinates, and D.W.R., encouraged players to invest all or a portion of their Preferred Capital loan proceeds with The Cambridge Entities. **HOWARD** failed to disclose to Preferred Capital that he was a principal of The Cambridge Entities, that he was soliciting players to invest their Preferred Capital loans with The Cambridge Entities, and that **HOWARD** controlled The Cambridge Entities' bank accounts, which were often the receiving institution for players' loans.
- f. **HOWARD**, and D.W.R., failed to disclose that The Cambridge Entities was also issuing advance loans to players, and its investors' returns relied upon the same settlement payouts as Preferred Capital's loans.
- 40. By all of the above-described conduct, Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD**, along with others, falsely and fraudulently obtained and attempted to obtain over \$2,000,000 to which they were not entitled.

Execution of the Scheme

41. On or about the following dates, for the purpose of executing and attempting to execute the scheme to defraud, the defendant did knowingly cause wire communications to be transmitted in interstate commerce, as set forth below:

	DATE	WIRE COMMUNICATION
Racketeering	September 2,	Transfer of \$160,000 by Preferred Capital to BOA
Act 7	2016	account ending in 2500 with ID: [full name of C.F.]
Racketeering Act 8a	September 23, 2016	Transfer of \$50,000 by Preferred Capital to BOA
		Account ending in 2500 with ID: [first name of C.C.]
		and first two letters of C.C.'s last name]
Racketeering Act 8b	February 16, 2017	Transfer of \$60,000 by Preferred Capital to BOA
		Account ending in 2500 with ID: [first name of C.C.]
		and first two letters of C.C.'s last name]
Racketeering	March 13,	Transfer of \$32,000 by Preferred Capital to J.H.'s
Act 9	2017	Navy Federal Credit Union account ending in 3835.
Racketeering	July 20, 2017	Transfer of \$90,000 by Preferred Capital to Chase
Act 10		Bank account ending in 8128

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1343 and 2.

Racketeering Acts 11-13: Wire Fraud (litigation loans) and Associated Money Laundering Transactions

42. Between on or about May 1, 2016, and on or about January 18, 2018, in the Northern District of Florida and elsewhere, the defendant,

PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD,

did knowingly and willfully devise, and intend to devise, a scheme to defraud and for obtaining money and property by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and for the purpose of executing such scheme, did cause a wire communication to be transmitted in interstate commerce.

The Fraudulent Scheme

It was part of the scheme to defraud that:

- 43. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** sought a third-party lender, namely, Virage Capital, that would be willing to lend money to **HOWARD** as litigation funding for the NFL class-action lawsuit.
- 44. Based upon the fraudulent material misrepresentations and omissions of Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** and his staff, Virage Capital approved and provided litigation loans to **HOWARD** and Howard & Associates. Those misrepresentations and omissions include:
 - a. **HOWARD** failed to disclose that player medical evaluations, which were provided to Virage Capital as the critical underwriting documents of the loan process, were the result of incorrect procedures, improper influence, and/or outright manipulation by **HOWARD** and his staff, ultimately making the reports ineligible for submission to the NFL Claims Administrator.
 - b. **HOWARD** failed to disclose that the neuropsychologist used to produce significant portions of the player medical evaluations initially provided to Virage Capital did not have the proper board certification required by the NFL Claims Administrator.
 - c. **HOWARD** failed to disclose that the neurologist who signed off on final medical evaluations and impairment determinations had

rescinded all of his reports for Howard & Associates in May 2017 over ethical and financial concerns he had with Howard & Associates.

- d. **HOWARD** commingled funds obtained from Virage Capital into accounts that were used for personal expenses and other costs that were not authorized as part of the loan agreement and did not use said funds for purposes of the NFL Concussion lawsuit, despite his false representations to the contrary.
- 45. By all of the above-described conduct, Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** falsely and fraudulently obtained and attempted to obtain approximately \$8,000,000 to which he was not entitled.

Execution of the Scheme

46. On or about the following dates, for the purpose of executing and attempting to execute the scheme to defraud, the defendant did knowingly cause wire communications to be transmitted in interstate commerce, as set forth below:

	<u>DATE</u>	WIRE COMMUNICATION
Racketeering	November	Transfer of \$3,878,808.34 by Virage Capital to
Act 11a	18, 2016	Regions bank account ending in 7904
Racketeering	March 27,	Transfer of \$4,246,000 by Virage Capital to
Act 12a	2017	Regions bank account ending in 7904
Racketeering	November	Transfer of \$654,500 by Virage Capital to Regions
Act 13a	29, 2017	Bank account ending in 7904

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1343 and 2.

47. And further, the defendant,

PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD,

did knowingly engage and attempt to engage in a monetary transaction by, through, and to a financial institution, affecting interstate commerce, in criminally derived property of a value greater than \$10,000, namely, the withdrawal, deposit, and transfer of funds and monetary instruments, as identified below, such property having been derived from a specified unlawful activity, that is, wire fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343, as alleged in Racketeering Acts 11a, 12a, and 13a, above:

	Date	Monetary Transaction
Racketeering N	NI arramala an 21	Transfer of \$811,735.99 from Regions Bank
Act 11b	November 21, 2016	account ending in 7904 to Ryan Marks &
1100110	2010	Stromberg Attorneys, LLP
Da alzata anin a	Narramban 22	Transfer of \$693,111.39 from Regions Bank
Racketeering	November 22, 2016	account ending in 7904 to Christopher N. Banthin,
Act 11c	2010	Esq.
Daalsataanina		Transfer of \$100,000 from Regions Bank account
Racketeering	April 27, 2017	ending in 7904 to The Omnipad Company, LLC
Act 12b		account ending in 6564.
		Conversion of \$272,362.58 from Regions Bank
Racketeering	December 1,	account ending in 7904 into a Regions Bank
Act 13b	2017	cashier's check and associated transfer to
		Advantage Title Group

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1957 and 2.

Racketeering Acts 14 and 15: Wire Fraud (additional investor)

48. Between on or about August 1, 2017, and on or about December 12, 2017, in the Northern District of Florida and elsewhere, the defendant,

PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD,

did knowingly and willfully devise, and intend to devise, a scheme to defraud and for obtaining money and property by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and for the purpose of executing such scheme, did cause a wire communication to be transmitted in interstate commerce.

The Fraudulent Scheme

It was part of the scheme to defraud that:

- 49. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** and an employee of The Cambridge Entities solicited J.I.E. to invest in a real estate project located in Jacksonville, Florida.
- 50. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** and an employee of The Cambridge Entities fraudulently promised J.I.E. a 25% return on investment within 60 days or a 50% return on investment within 120 days.
- 51. Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** and an employee of The Cambridge Entities convinced J.I.E. to transfer money to a bank account of The Cambridge Entities.
- 52. Thereafter, Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** and an employee of The Cambridge Entities contacted J.I.E. and falsely told her that additional money was needed from her in order to close that real estate deal, and that she was guaranteed a 25% return on her investment within 31 days.

- 53. In reliance on this false promise, J.I.E. transferred additional proceeds to an account of The Cambridge Entities.
- 54. Several months later, J.I.E. spoke with Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** about the real estate investment and the fact that she had not received her funds back. **HOWARD** falsely told J.I.E. that her investment was secure, and that her money would be returned to her.
- 55. By all of the above-described conduct, Defendant **PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD** falsely and fraudulently obtained and attempted to obtain over \$520,000 to which he was not entitled.

Execution of the Scheme

56. On or about the following dates, for the purpose of executing and attempting to execute the scheme to defraud, the defendant did knowingly cause wire communications to be transmitted in interstate commerce, as set forth below:

	DATE	WIRE COMMUNICATION
Racketeering Act 14	August 24, 2017	Transfer of \$359,000 into BOA account ending in 2500 by J.I.E.
Racketeering Act 15	August 31, 2017	Transfer of \$91,236.22 into BOA account ending in 2500 by J.I.E.

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1343 and 2.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1962(c).

CRIMINAL FORFEITURE

57. The allegations in paragraphs 1 through 56 of Count One of this Indictment are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference for the purpose of alleging forfeiture. From his engagement in the violation alleged in Count One of this Indictment, the defendant,

PHILLIP TIMOTHY HOWARD,

shall forfeit to the United States, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 1963(a), any of the defendant's interests acquired or maintained in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1962; any of the defendant's interest in, security of, claim against, or property or contractual right of any kind affording a source of influence over, any enterprise which the defendant established, operated, controlled, conducted, or participated in the conduct of, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1962; and any of the defendant's property constituting, or derived from, any proceeds obtained, directly or indirectly, from racketeering activity in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1962. The United States will also seek a forfeiture money judgment for a sum of money equal to the value of any property, real or personal, which constitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to this offense. The property to be forfeited includes, but is not limited to, the defendant's interest in the following:

- a. Real property located and situated in Leon County, Florida, located at 9682 Deer Valley Drive, Tallahassee, Florida 32312:
 - Lot 4, Block "AG", Golden Eagle, Unit 6, Phase I, a subdivision as per map or plat thereof, recorded in plat book 13, page 20 of the public records of Leon County, Florida,

and further described in Leon County Official Records Book 3266 and Page 42 and known to the Leon County Property Appraiser as Parcel Identification # 14-03-21-AG-004-0.

b. Real property located and situated in Duval County, Florida:

Condominium Unit 3005, THE PENINSULA AT ST. JOHNS CENTER, a condominium, together with an undivided interest in the common elements, according to the Declaration of Condominium thereof recorded in Official Records Book 14443, page 126, as amended from time to time, of the current public records of Duval County, Florida,

and further described in Duval County Official Records Book 18248 and Page 2153 and known to the Duval County Property Appraiser as Parcel Identification # 080393-0704.

- 63. If any of the property described above as being subject to forfeiture, as a result of acts or omissions of the defendant:
 - i. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
 - ii. has been transferred, sold to, or deposited with a third party;
 - iii. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of this Court;
 - iv. has been substantially diminished in value; or

v. has been commingled with other property that cannot be subdivided without difficulty,

it is the intent of the United States, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code,

Section 1963(m), to seek forfeiture of any other property of said defendant up to
the value of the forfeitable property.

A TRUE BILL:

FOREPERSON (Deputy)

10/4/2022

DATE

JASON R/COODY

United States Attorney

JUSTIN M. KEÉN

Assistant United States Attorney